

Human Environmental Regional Observatory (HERO) 2025 Green Worcester Advisory Committee Presentation

Worcester Property/Business Owner Perspectives on
Tree Planting



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Riseman, Julia Head, Nate Kidd, Jamie Young





Meet the Research Team!



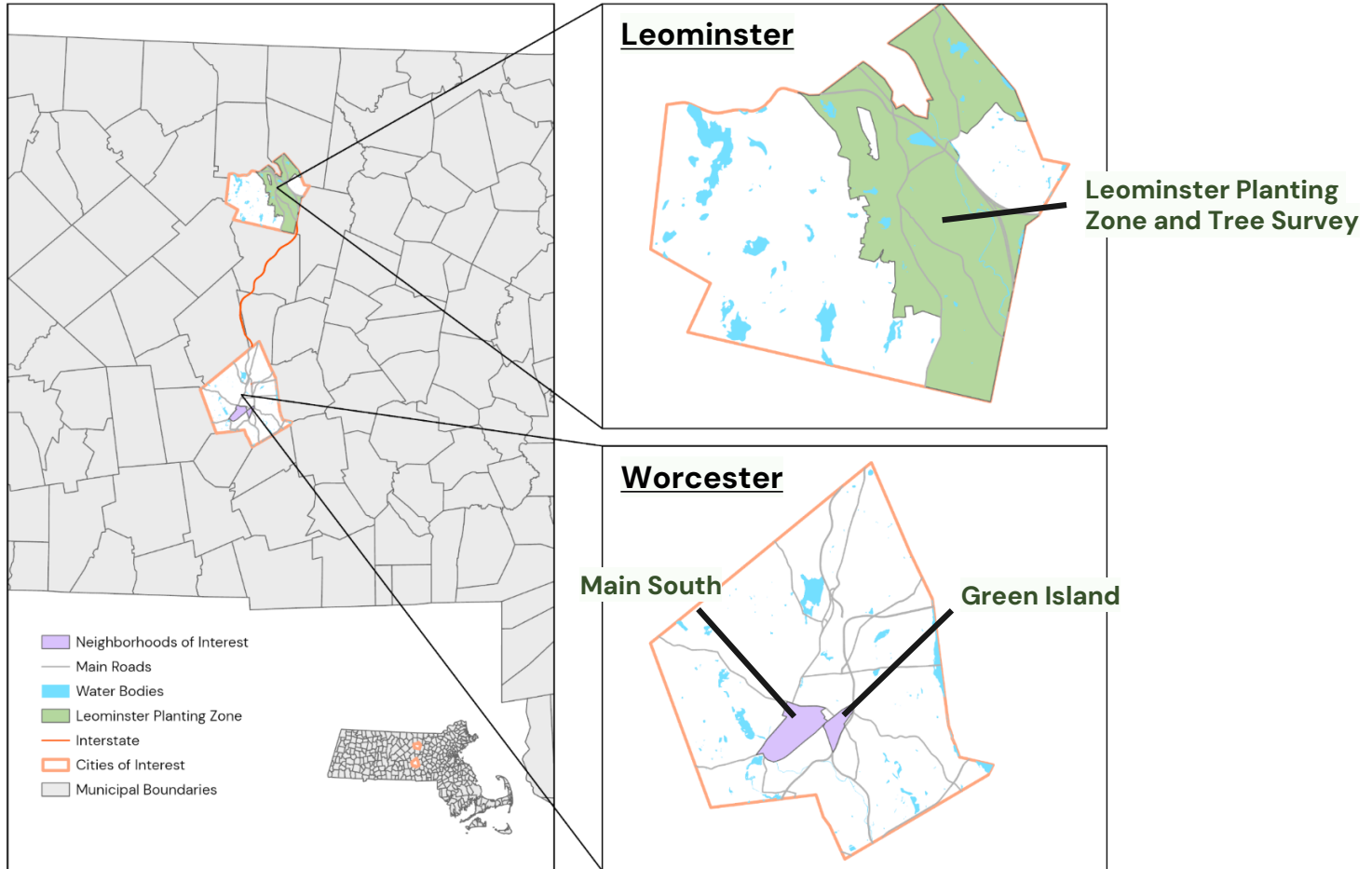
From Left to Right: Robert Moore, Jamie Young, Alicen Civilikas, Abigail Riseman, Aidan Humphreys, Julia Head, Nate Kidd, and Aidan Caron.

Undergraduate Research Cohort:
Alicen Civilikas, Aidan Humphreys,
Abigail Riseman, Julia Head,
Nate Kidd, and Jamie Young

Graduate Program Managers:
Aidan Caron and Robert Moore

Directors (not pictured):
Dr. Nicholas Geron, Dr. Deborah
Martin, and Dr. John Rogan

Study Site



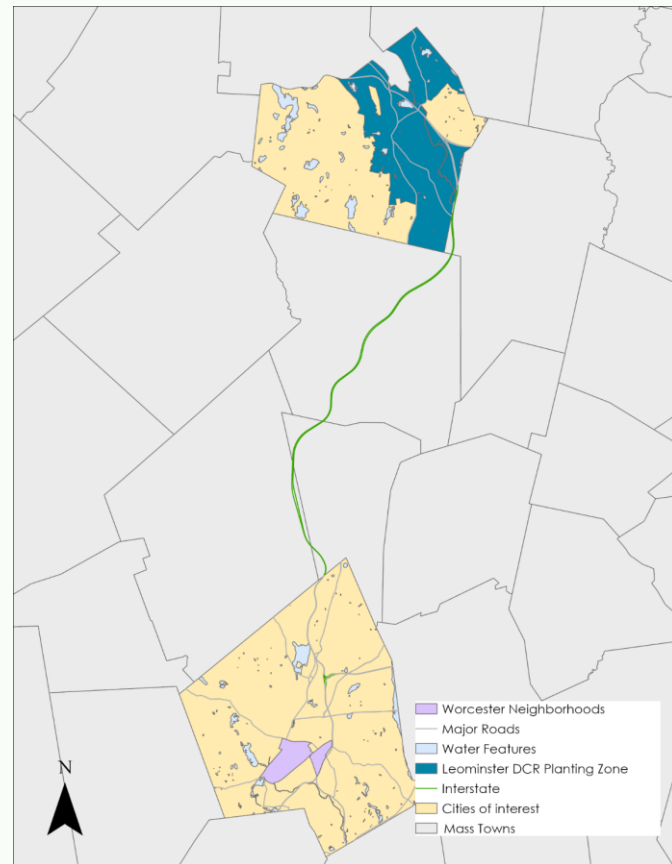
Research Goals

Objective:

Characterizing property/business owners' **perception of urban tree planting**, identify barriers to planting programs and ways to **overcome** them, and enable **data-driven decision-making** by urban foresters.

Research Questions:

- What are the major reasons business/property owners **do or do not** want to accept trees?
- Do business/property owners perceive any relationship **between trees and the economic success** of their storefront/property?
- How does **willingness to participate in planting programs** **vary** between property owners and business owners?



**GREEN
WORCESTER**

Study Neighborhoods

Green Island: Mostly commercial, contains Polar Park, Canal District, and Worcester Public Market.

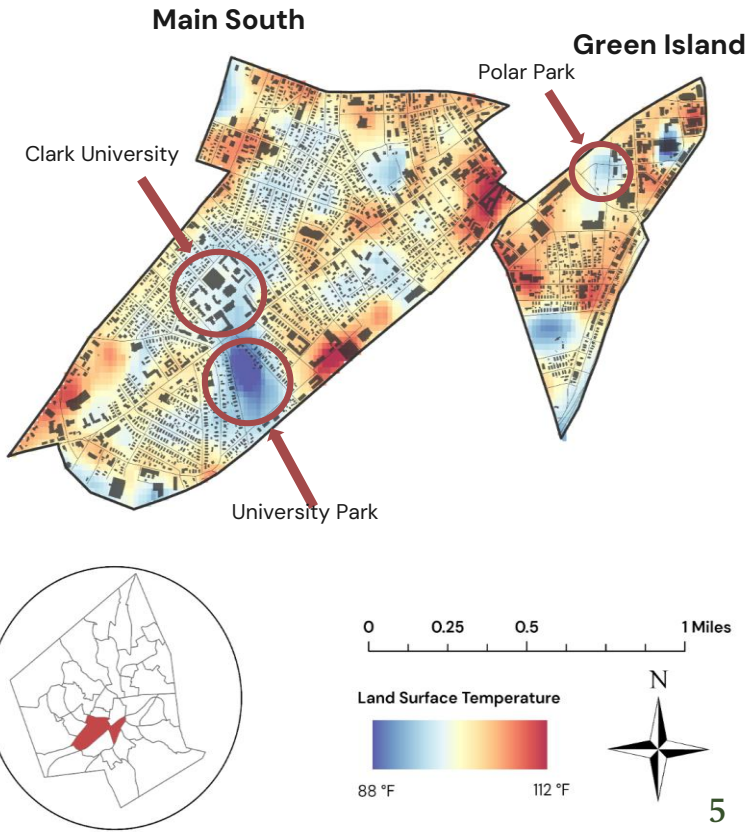
Main South: Mostly residential, contains Clark University and University Park.

Demographic s	Main South	Green Island	Worceste r	Massachusetts
Population	19,616	2,490	211,286	7,136,171
Median Household Income	\$30,622	\$38,215	\$67,544	\$101,341
% Minority	73%	64%	49%	21%

Average Summer Land Surface Temperature (June 2025)

Worcester (Citywide)	93 °F
Main South	101 °F
Green Island	102 °F

Average Land Surface Temperature (LST) of Main South and Green Island, June 2025



Interview Methods

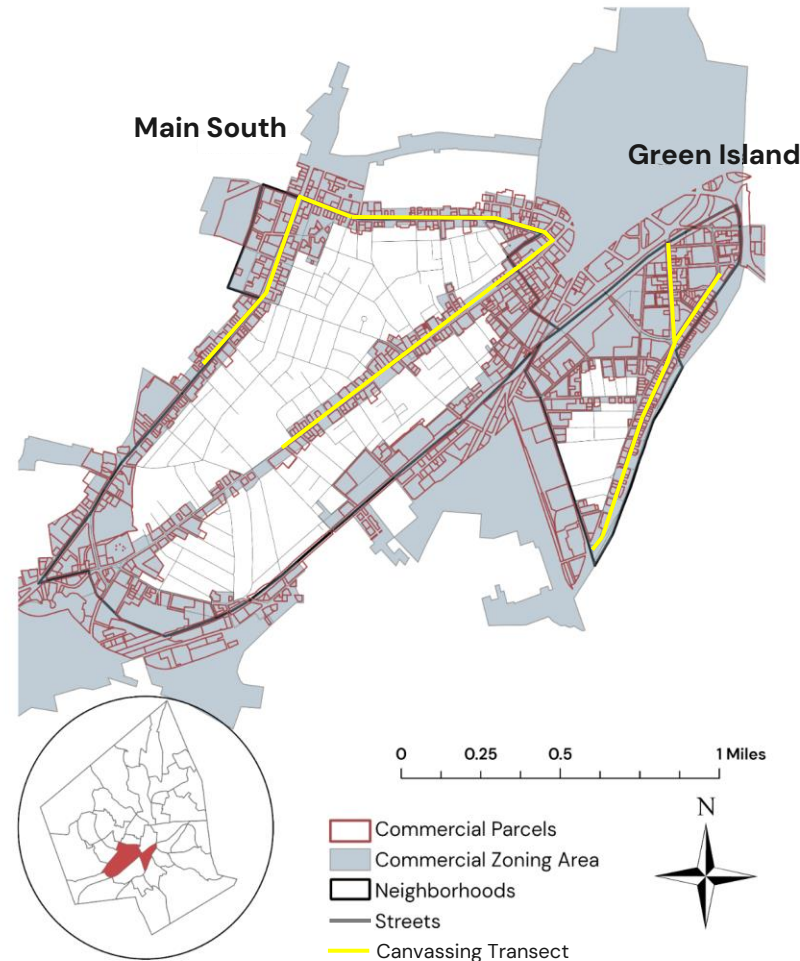
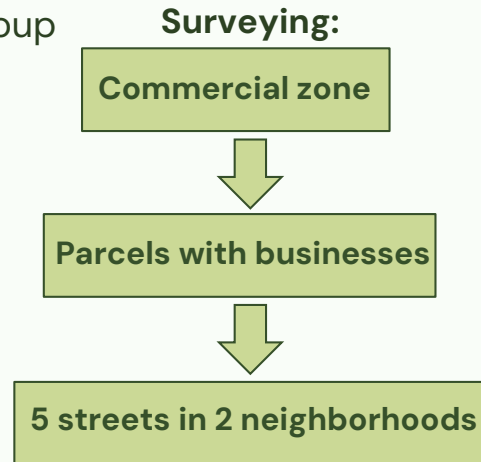
24 Interviews

21 Property/Business Owners Interviewed

- 18 people reached through canvassing in Green Island and Main South
- 3 scheduled via outreach/phone banking

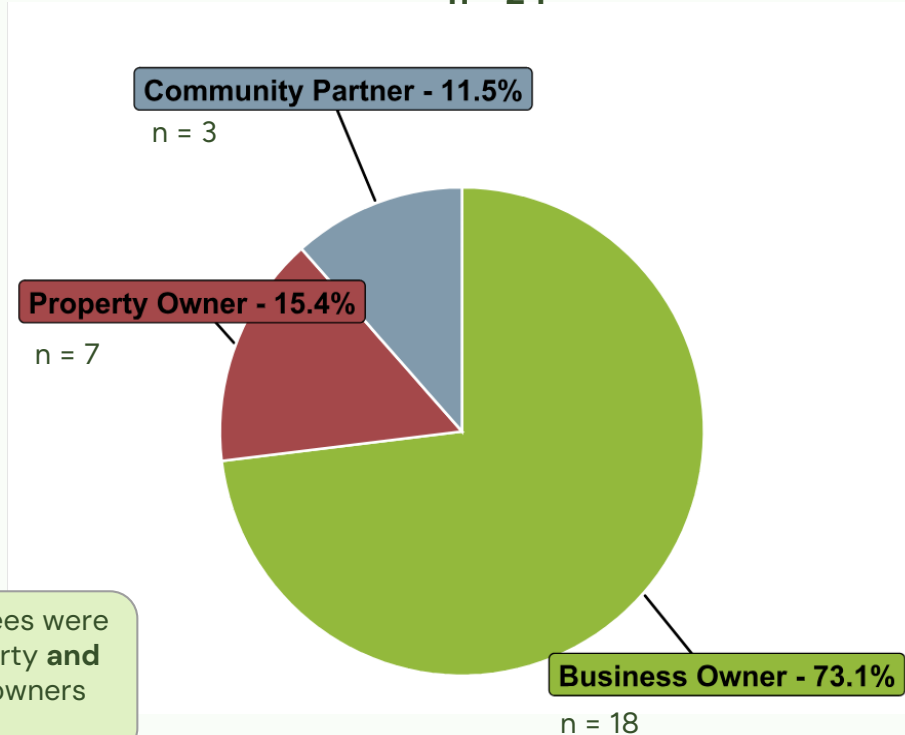
3 Community Partners Interviewed

- Main South CDC
- Green Island Residents' Group



Interview Demographics

Interview distribution
n = 24



Business types

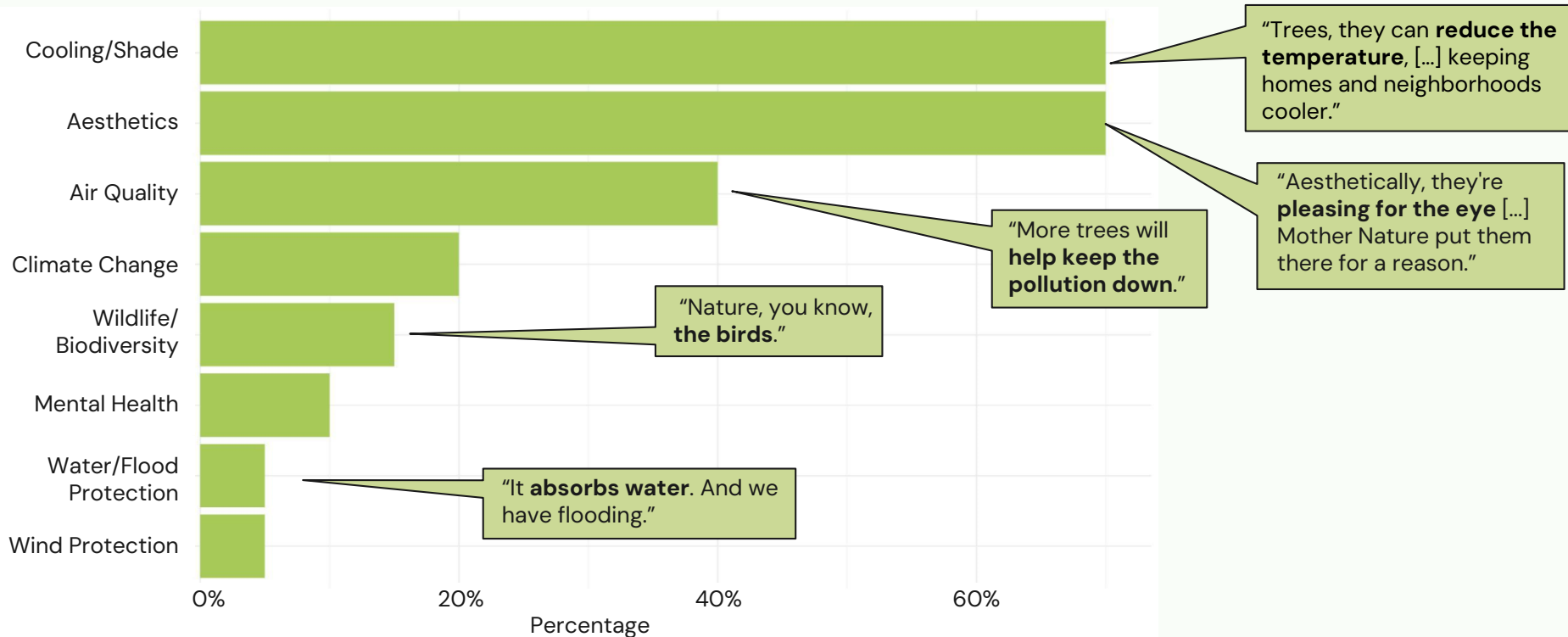
Business	Number present
Restaurant	5
Hair salon	3
Auto	2
Grocery	2
Retail	2
Laundromat	1
Real estate	1
Convenience store	1
Church	1
Landscaping	1

Property/Business Owner Reception of Trees

<p>Interested lessor Owns property, expressed interest in planting.</p> <p>20% n =5</p>	<p>Interested lessee No agency over property decision, expressed interest in planting.</p> <p>65% n =13</p>
<p>Uninterested lessor Owns property, not open to planting.</p> <p>15% n =2</p>	<p>Uninterested lessee No agency over property, not open to planting.</p> <p>5% n =1</p>

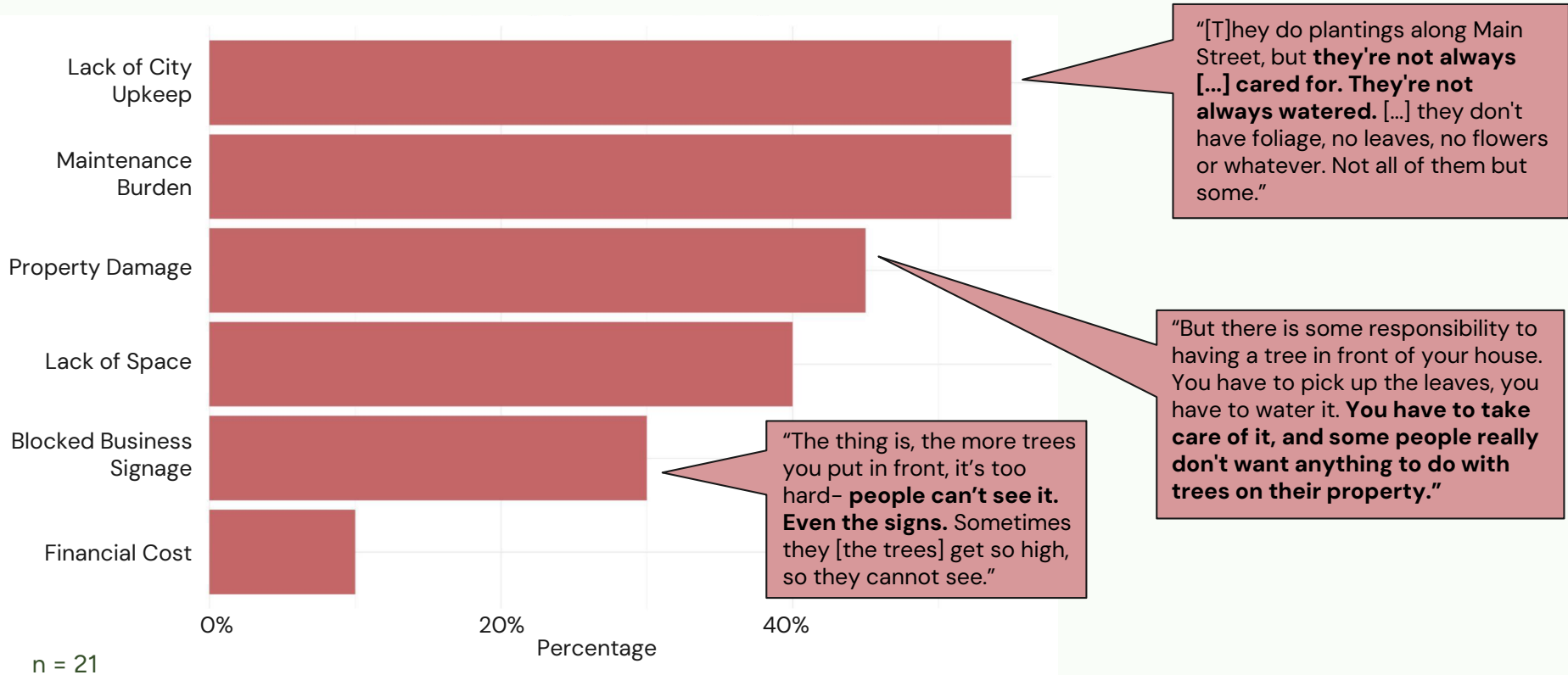
* One interviewee was counted twice in the study due to simultaneous property and business ownership, 3 community partner responses omitted.

Property/Business Owner Perceived Benefits



n = 21

Property/Business Owner Perceived Barriers



Key Barriers

75% of interviewees had **no knowledge** of the GGC program or the Green Worcester Plan.

55% of interviewees mentioned that distrust in city maintenance **discouraged them** from tree planting and tree planting initiatives.

50% of interviewees answered that they **lacked adequate space** for trees.

"There's not much room to have trees here, just not the space, we physically don't have the space for it."

65% of interviewees **expressed interest in receiving trees** but do not own the property.

"[T]he building belongs to them. I just rent it. So I've been here 39 years, so they never put a tree as long as I've been here."



Tree in a Green Island parking lot.

Key Motivations

70% of interviewees answered that trees would contribute to the **curb appeal** of their storefront or property.

"[T]rees looks more beautiful, natural, and it might attract more people."

Every interviewee identified benefits that trees have on the neighborhood, even if they were not open to planting trees on their own property.

70% of interviewees said that they would prefer **more trees** in Worcester rather than having the same number or fewer.

"Oh, always more. Always more oxygen in the world."

65% of interviewees said that **policy or tax incentives** would encourage them to plant trees.

"[H]ow can I reduce my tax burden pretty actively, it is definitely compelling."



Aidan H. and Nate canvassing in Green Island

Interviewee Recommendations

Funding	" Discretionary funds , it's something [that] makes the neighborhoods look a little more appealing."
Marketing	"There's so much opportunity for governments to be better at marketing , [...] having something more interactive than the dry, bland flyers that [...] say 'free trees'."
City-specific initiatives	"It's not super practical to convince homeowners to plant trees [...] on their own property throughout the city, but if the city can take initiative and plant 5,000 trees in one footprint , you're getting a lot of value there."
Neighborhood consultation	"If there was a section within the planning division that really worked with groups such as the Community Development Corporation to implement and support strategic neighborhood-based plans "
Supportive services	"If they have people who come in once in while to clean around and do a little bit of maintenance , that would be nice."
Policy enforcement	"If the city recognizes it needs vegetation and trees [...] then it needs to enforce that through planning regulations ."



Summary of Worcester Interview Analysis

Tree Perceptions

Benefits: Cooling/shade (70%), aesthetics (70%), air quality (40%), climate change mitigation (20%).

Challenges: Perceived lack of city upkeep discourages business/property owners from planting trees (55%) due to maintenance burden (55%) and potential property damage (45%).

Planting Perceptions

Planting barriers: Lack of knowledge surrounding green initiatives, lack of space on properties, businesses may not own their property.

Recommendations: Better tree program marketing, planting on city property, neighborhood input focus, tree maintenance support, enforcement of policies.



Key Takeaways & Next Steps

General lack of awareness of tree planting initiatives

Key motivations for planting are curb appeal and policy or tax incentives

Property lessees generally open to the idea of planting

Property owners hard to reach by both researchers and lessees

4 HERO Fellows will be continuing research projects relating to Worcester greening initiatives

Communicate with city officials and program directors about tree planting initiatives

Continue to interview Worcester property and business owners

Thank you!



DCR foresters * Business/property owners of Worcester

Green Island Residents Group * Main South CDC

Clark Geography: Marjorie Miller and Yaa Poku

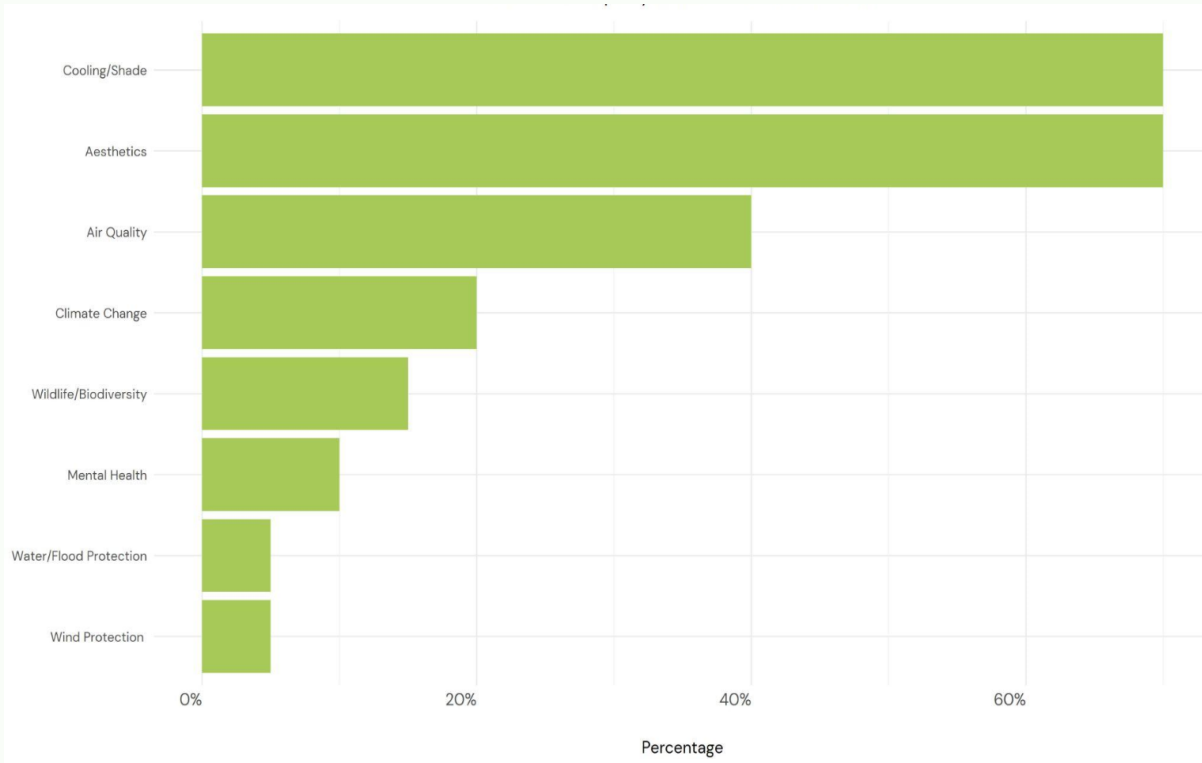
Clark Marsh Institute: April Carlson



Questions?

Appendix

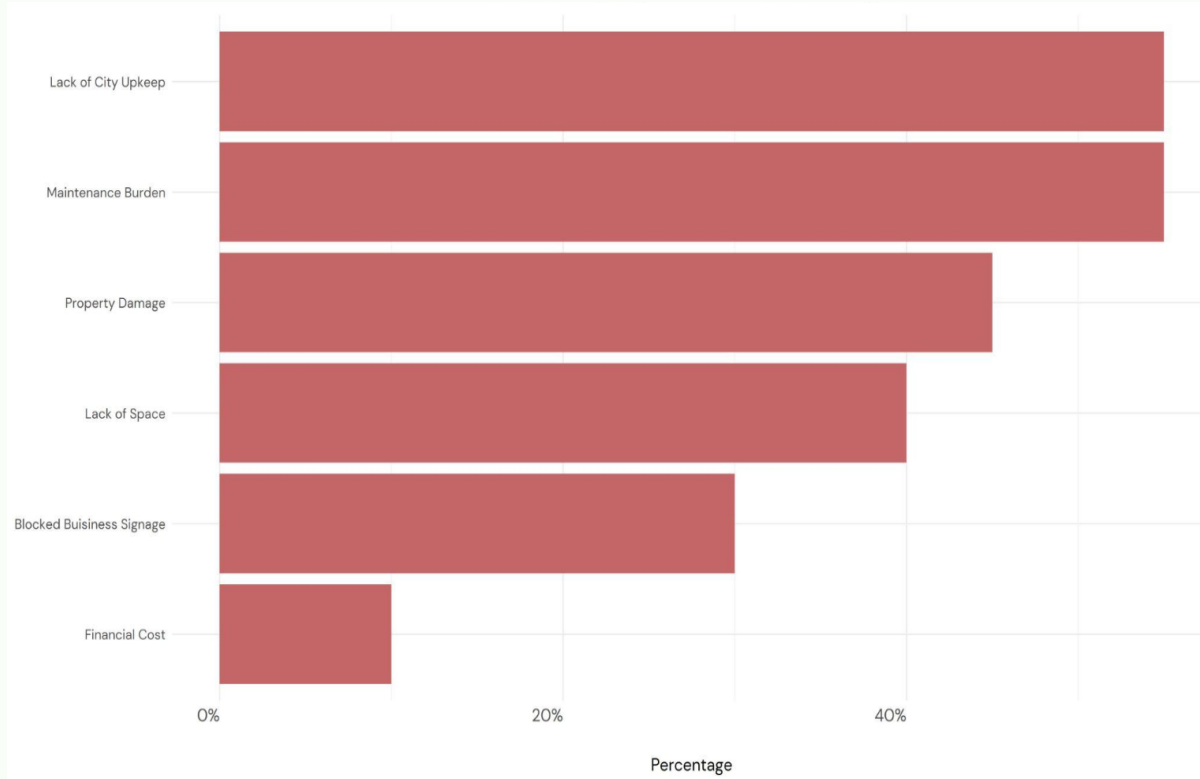
Property/Business Owner Perceived Benefits



Top benefits of trees listed by interviewees:

1. Cooling/Shade: 70%
1. Aesthetics: 70%
1. Air Quality: 40%

Property/Business Owner Perceived Barriers



Top barriers of tree planting listed by interviewees:

1. Lack of city upkeep: 55%
1. Maintenance burden: 55%
1. Property damage: 45%

Worcester Methods

21 Property/Business Owners

Interviewed

- 18 canvassed in Green Island and Main South
- 3 scheduled via outreach/phone banking

3 Community Partners Interviewed

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1 Focus Group Attempted

