WORCESTER REDEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY (A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE CITY OF WORCESTER, MASSACHUSETTS)

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board Members Worcester Redevelopment Authority Worcester, Massachusetts

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements *Opinion*

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Worcester Redevelopment Authority (the Authority), a component unit of the City of Worcester, Massachusetts (the City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Authority, as of June 30, 2024, and the changes in financial position and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Authority and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 10 to the financial statements, beginning net position has been restated for an error correction related to prepaid expenses. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Authority's ability to continue as a going concern for 12 months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due
 to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
 procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures
 in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Authority's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 13, 2024 on our consideration of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Boston, Massachusetts December 13, 2024

As management of the Worcester Redevelopment Authority (the Authority), we offer readers of these financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the Authority's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets of the Authority exceeded its liabilities at the close of the current fiscal year by \$2,403,162 (net position).
- The Authority's total net position decreased \$3,814,241 in the current fiscal year.
- The Authority's total debt increased by \$1,947,401 during the current fiscal year for new debt issued.

OVERVIEW OF THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the basic financial statements, which consists of the following two components:

- 1. Financial statements
- 2. Notes to basic financial statements

The Authority reports its activity as a business-type activity using the full accrual basis of accounting. While established as an independent body politic managed by its members, for financial reporting purposes the Authority is considered as a component unit of the City of Worcester, Massachusetts (the City). Therefore, the results of the Authority's operations, its net position and cash flows are also summarized in the City's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report in its government-wide financial statements.

The **statement of net position** presents information on all of the Authority's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Authority is improving or deteriorating.

The **statement of revenues**, **expenses**, **and changes in net position**, presents information showing how the Authority's net position changed during the most recent fiscal years. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Therefore, revenues and expenses are reported in these statements for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal years.

The **statement of cash flows** is reported on the direct method. The direct method of cash flow reporting portrays net cash flows from operations as major classes of operating receipts and disbursements.

The **notes to basic financial statements** provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the financial statements.

The following pages present condensed financial information derived from the financial statements comparing fiscal years 2024 and 2023.

Net Position

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The Authority's assets exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$2,403,162 at the close of the current fiscal year and are summarized as follows:

ACCETO	2024	2023*
ASSETS	Ф 4.400.400	ф 0.440.070
Current Assets	\$ 1,133,402	\$ 3,148,673
Noncurrent Assets (Excluding Capital Assets)	2,043,121	5,189,500
Capital Assets (Net)	32,125,194	31,412,324
Total Assets	35,301,717	39,750,497
LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities (Excluding Debt)	6,819,119	6,541,102
Noncurrent Liabilities (Excluding Debt)	302,656	-
Current Debt	16,981,568	16,401,712
Noncurrent Debt	6,392,281	5,024,736
Total Liabilities	30,495,624	27,967,550
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	2,402,931	5,565,544
NET POSITION		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	19,034,871	19,102,097
Unrestricted	(16,631,709)	(12,884,694)
Total Net Position	\$ 2,403,162	\$ 6,217,403

^{*} As restated for an error correction related to prepaid expenses (see Note 10 in the Notes to Basic Financial Statements)

At June 30, 2024, the majority of the Authority's net position reflects its net investment in capital assets (e.g., land, construction in progress, land improvements, buildings and improvements and equipment), less any related outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. These capital assets are used to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The remaining balance of net position at June 30, 2024, represents a deficit in unrestricted net position (\$16,631,709).

Changes in Net Position

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, the Authority's total net position decreased by \$3,814,241, compared to a decrease of \$2,415,563 in the prior fiscal year. These amounts are summarized as follows:

		2024		2023*
REVENUES	Φ.	500 754	Φ.	004.000
Leases and Other Tenant Income	\$	598,751	\$	934,382 5,175
Other Operating Revenues Total Operating Revenues		11,607 610,358		939,557
Total Operating Revenues		010,330		939,337
EXPENSES				
Operating Expenses:				
Office Operations		1,037,499		913,473
Property Management		116,615		129,201
General Insurance		6,885		322,768
Property Maintenance		1,885,122		1,171,038
Utilities		610,482		548,338
Depreciation		1,282,603		1,262,669
Parking Expense		2,400		3,300
Other		11,251		688
Total Operating Expenses		4,952,857		4,351,475
OPERATING LOSS		(4,342,499)		(3,411,918)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)				
Investment Income		11,416		3,851
Interest (Leases)		116,006		244,531
Interest Expense		(752,174)		(435,424)
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		(624,752)		(187,042)
LOCC DEFORE CARITAL CRANTS AND				
LOSS BEFORE CAPITAL GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS		(4,967,251)		(3,598,960)
		,		,
Capital Grants and Contributions		1,153,010		1,183,397
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		(3,814,241)		(2,415,563)
Net Position - Beginning of Year		6,217,403		8,632,966
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$	2,403,162	\$	6,217,403

^{*} As restated for an error correction related to prepaid expenses (see Note 10 in the Notes to Basic Financial Statements)

The Authority's net position decreased \$3,814,241, compared to the prior year decrease of \$2,415,563. Operating revenues decreased approximately \$329,000, operating expenses increased approximately \$601,000 and nonoperating revenues (expenses) decreased approximately \$438,000.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

The Authority's capital assets at the end of the current fiscal year totaled \$32,125,194 (net of accumulated depreciation). Capital assets include land, construction in progress, land improvements, buildings and improvements, and equipment. The total increase in capital assets for the current fiscal year totaled \$712,870 or 2.3%.

The following table summarizes the Authority's capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation):

	2024	2023
Land	\$ 5,007,407	\$ 5,007,407
Land Improvements	-	5,440
Buildings and Improvements	26,399,250	26,137,700
Equipment	41,305	42,631
Construction in Progress	677,232_	219,146
Total Capital Assets	<u>\$ 32,125,194</u>	\$ 31,412,324

Additional information on the Authority's capital assets can be found in Note 5 of this report.

Debt

At the end of the current fiscal year, total debt outstanding was \$23,373,849, consisting of notes payable to the City. In fiscal year 2023, total debt outstanding was \$21,426,448, also consisting of notes payable to the City.

The Authority's total debt increased by \$1,947,401 during the current fiscal year for new debt issued.

Additional information on the Authority's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 of this report.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Authority's finances for all those with an interest in its finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Office of Administration & Finance, Budget Division, Chief Financial Officer, Worcester Redevelopment Authority, 455 Main Street, Worcester, Massachusetts 01608.

WORCESTER REDEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2024

ASSETS		
Current Assets:		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 305,556	j
Receivables:		
Grants, Contracts, and Other	253,749)
Lease Receivables	565,179)
Prepaid Expenses	8,918	
Total Current Assets	1,133,402	-
Noncurrent Assets:		
Lease Receivables	2,043,121	
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	5,684,639)
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation	26,440,555	
Total Noncurrent Assets	34,168,315	_
Total Assets	35,301,717	,
LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts Payable	462,014	ļ
Other Liabilities	181,035	
Accrued Interest	6,176,070)
Notes Payable to the City of Worcester	16,981,568	
Total Current Liabilities	23,800,687	•
Noncurrent Liabilities:		
Accrued Interest	302,656	j
Notes Payable to the City of Worcester	6,392,281	
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	6,694,937	-
Total Liabilities	30,495,624	Ļ
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Lease Related	2,402,931	_
NET POSITION		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	19,034,871	
Unrestricted	(16,631,709)
Total Net Position	\$ 2,403,162	<u>. </u>

WORCESTER REDEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

OPERATING REVENUES	
Leases and Other Tenant Income	\$ 598,751
Other	11,607
Total Operating Revenues	610,358
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Office Operations	1,037,499
Property Management	116,615
General Insurance	6,885
Property Maintenance	1,885,122
Utilities	610,482
Depreciation	1,282,603
Parking Expense	2,400
Other	11,251
Total Operating Expenses	 4,952,857
OPERATING LOSS	(4,342,499)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	
Investment Income	11,416
Interest (Leases)	116,006
Interest Expense	(752,174)
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses), Net	 (624,752)
LOSS BEFORE CAPITAL GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS	(4,967,251)
Capital Grants and Contributions	 1,153,010
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(3,814,241)
Net Position - Beginning of Year, As Originally Reported	6,506,314
Restatement	 (288,911)
Net Position - Beginning of Year, As Restated	 6,217,403
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 2,403,162

WORCESTER REDEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts from Customers and Users	37,530
Payments to Vendors	(3,747,836)
Net Cash Used by Financing Activities	(3,710,306)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Proceeds from the Issuance of Notes - Operating	1,167,305
City of Worcester Ballpark Repayments	1,537,387
Net Cash Provided by Financing Activities	2,704,692
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Lease Payments Received	669,031
Capital Grants and Contributions	1,346,490
Proceeds from the Issuance of Notes - Capital	780,096
Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets	(1,995,473)
Net Cash Provided by Capital and Related Financing Activities	800,144
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	
Investment Income	11,416
NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(194,054)
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year	499,610
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$ 305,556
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO NET CASH	
USED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	Ф (4.242.400)
Operating Loss	\$ (4,342,499)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net Cash Used by Operating Activities:	
Adjustments Not Requiring Current Cash Flows: Depreciation	1,282,603
Adjustments Requiring Current Cash Flows:	1,202,003
, , ,	
Changes in Assets, Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources:	(F70 000)
Deferred Inflows Related to Leases	(572,828)
Prepaid Expenses	(8,918)
Accounts Payable	(68,664)
Total Adjustments	632,193
Net Cash Used by Operating Activities	\$ (3,710,306)

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

General

The basic financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The significant accounting policies are described herein.

Reporting Entity

The Worcester Redevelopment Authority (the Authority), a component unit of the City of Worcester, Massachusetts (the City), was established in 1957 pursuant to Chapter 121B of the Massachusetts General Laws (MGL). The Authority's mission is to identify and implement Urban Renewal Area Plans within the City. The Authority has a five-member volunteer board of directors, four of whom are appointed by the City's Manager and confirmed by the City's Council. The Governor of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts (Commonwealth) appoints the fifth member of the board. Members serve five-year terms.

On December 14, 2000, the Authority amended its by-laws to establish the Chief Development Officer of the City as its Chief Executive Officer, the City Solicitor as its Chief Legal Officer, and the City Budget Director as its Chief Financial Officer. Under the by-law amendment, the officers of the Authority include a Chair, Vice-Chair, and Secretary. The duties and responsibilities previously vested in the board's Treasurer and Vice-Treasurer were transferred to the Chief Financial Officer. The amendment also authorizes the City's Manager to assign additional City personnel to administer the programs and operations of the Authority and it provides that all City officers and employees engaged in the service of the Authority shall serve ex-officio and without direct compensation.

The Authority owns Union Station, a 65,000 square foot two-story building, which serves as the train station terminal for Amtrak intercity passenger rail and MBTA commuter rail service to and from Boston. In August 2006, the bus port terminal commenced operations with Greyhound Bus lines acting as the lead tenant offering interstate transit service. Adjacent to Union Station is a 500-space parking facility that includes 7,000 square feet of retail space.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Basis of Presentation

The Authority's financial statements are reported using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and use the accrual basis of accounting, whereby revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when the liabilities are incurred.

Operating revenues and expenses are segregated from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses consist of those revenues and expenses that result from the principal operations of the Authority. Operating revenues consist primarily of tenant rental revenues and parking fees charged to users of Union Station.

Nonoperating revenues and expenses consist of those revenues and expenses that are related to financing and investing type activities and result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Deposits and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Investments are carried at fair value.

Capital Assets

The Authority's capital assets consist of land, construction in progress, land improvements, buildings and improvements, and equipment. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at the estimated acquisition value at the date of donation. All purchases and construction costs are capitalized at the date of acquisition or construction, respectively, with expected useful lives of greater than one year.

Capital assets (excluding land and construction in progress) are depreciated on a straightline basis. The estimated useful lives of capital assets are as follows:

	Estimated
	Useful Life
Capital Asset Type	(in Years)
Land Improvements	10 to 20
Buildings and Improvements	39
Equipment	3 to 5

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized and are treated as expenses when incurred. Improvements are capitalized.

Leases

At the commencement of a lease, the Authority initially measures the lease receivable at the present value of payments expected to be received during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments received. The deferred inflow of resources is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease receivable, adjusted for lease payments received at or before the lease commencement date. Subsequently, the deferred inflow of resources is recognized as revenue over the life of the lease term.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Leases (Continued)

Key estimates and judgments include how the Authority determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease receipts to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease receipts.

- The Authority uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease receipts included in the measurement of the lease receivable is composed of fixed payments from the lessee.
- The Authority monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease, and will remeasure the lease receivable and deferred inflows of resources if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease receivable.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of basic financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure for contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the basic financial statements and the reported amounts of the revenues and expenses during the fiscal year. Actual results could vary from estimates that were used.

NOTE 2 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

<u>Deposits – Custodial Credit Risk</u>

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the Authority's deposits may not be recovered. The Authority does not have a policy for custodial credit risk of deposits. As of June 30, 2024, none of the Authority's bank balance of \$515,048 was uninsured and uncollateralized.

NOTE 3 ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE (OTHER THAN LEASES)

At June 30, 2024, grants, contracts, and other receivables totaled \$253,749. All amounts are considered 100% collectible.

NOTE 4 LEASE RECEIVABLES

The Authority, acting as lessor, leases office space at Union Station under long-term noncancellable lease agreements. The leases expire at various dates through 2029. During the year ended June 30, 2024, the Authority recognized approximately \$573,000 and approximately \$116,000 in lease revenue and interest revenue, respectively, pursuant to these contracts.

NOTE 4 LEASE RECEIVABLES (CONTINUED)

Principal and interest requirements to maturity under lease agreements are as follows:

<u>Fiscal Year Ending June 30,</u>	Principal		Interest			Total
2025	\$ 565,179	-	\$	94,079	•	\$ 659,258
2026	480,992			73,006		553,998
2027	426,404			54,761		481,165
2028	451,541			37,248		488,789
2029	477,936			18,707		496,643
2030-2034	206,248	_		2,067		208,315
Total	\$ 2,608,300	_	\$	279,868		\$ 2,888,168

NOTE 5 CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated: Land	\$ 5,007,40	7 \$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,007,407
Construction in Progress	219,14	6 458,086	· -	677,232
Total Capital Assets not being Depreciated	5,226,55	3 458,086	-	5,684,639
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:				
Land Improvements	108,87	'1 -	-	108,871
Buildings and Improvements	48,988,90	1,537,387	-	50,526,288
Equipment	119,56	- 1	-	119,561
Total Capital Assets being Depreciated	49,217,33	3 1,537,387	-	50,754,720
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:				
Land Improvements	(103,43	(5,440)	-	(108,871)
Buildings and Improvements	(22,851,20	(1,275,837)	-	(24,127,038)
Equipment	(76,93	(1,326)	-	(78,256)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(23,031,56	(1,282,603)		(24,314,165)
Total Capital Assets being Depreciated, Net	26,185,77	254,784		26,440,555
Total Capital Assets, Net	\$ 31,412,32	4 \$ 712,870	\$ -	\$ 32,125,194

NOTE 6 NOTES PAYABLE

On March 24, 1997, the Authority and City entered into a Cooperation Agreement (the Agreement) concerning funding initiatives of the Authority.

On December 14, 2000, the Authority voted to authorize the execution of any legal document in any effort to secure the repayment to the City of any funds the City may provide to finance the Authority's initiatives.

NOTE 6 NOTES PAYABLE (CONTINUED)

Pursuant to the Agreement and the vote of the Authority on December 14, 2000, the Authority and City have executed several amendments to the Agreement whereby the City has agreed to loan the Authority various amounts at varying interest rates and maturity dates.

The loans are reflected as notes payable to the City of Worcester on the financial statements. The loans classified as current liabilities include notes payable that, by their terms, are due within one year from the balance sheet date, even though liquidation may not be expected within that period.

Details related to notes payable to the City at June 30, 2024 are as follows:

	Beginning				Ending	Due in
Project	 Balance	 Issued	Re	deemed	Balance	One Year
Union Station - Building Fit Out	\$ 7,020,086	\$ 69,664	\$	=	\$ 7,089,750	\$ 7,020,086
Union Station - Operating	9,037,324	1,167,305		-	10,204,629	9,037,324
Union Station - Bus Ports	483,944	-		-	483,944	483,944
General and Administrative	78,897	-		-	78,897	78,897
Urban Renewal	4,806,197	710,432		-	5,516,629	361,317
Total	\$ 21,426,448	\$ 1,947,401	\$	-	\$ 23,373,849	\$ 16,981,568

As of June 30, 2024, debt service requirements in future fiscal years are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2025	\$ 16,981,568	\$ 6,176,070	\$ 23,157,638
2026	1,236,969	92,882	1,329,851
2037	5,155,312	2,623,819	7,779,131
Total	\$ 23,373,849	\$ 8,892,771	\$ 32,266,620

At June 30, 2024, notes payable to the City totaling \$16,401,712 had matured but were not liquidated by the Authority.

NOTE 7 RISK FINANCING

The Authority is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the Authority carries commercial insurance. The amount of claim settlements has not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the previous three fiscal years.

NOTE 8 RELATED-PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The primary transactions between the Authority and the City during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024 consisted of loans from the City to the Authority in the amount of \$1,947,401 (\$1,167,305 of operating loans and \$780,096 of capital loans). The Authority has outstanding notes payable to the City totaling \$23,373,849 at June 30, 2024.

NOTE 9 IN-KIND ASSISTANCE AND ECONOMIC DEPENDENCY

The City has made available to the Authority the services of the agencies, offices, and employees of the City, including administrative, accounting, environmental, planning, legal, and intergovernmental coordination services. The Authority is not able to reasonably estimate the value of these services. As such, no amounts for in-kind assistance have been recorded in the financial statements.

Approximately 34.5% (\$1,947,401) of the Authority's cash inflows for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024 were from the issuance of notes by the City.

NOTE 10 RESTATEMENT OF BEGINNING NET POSITION

During fiscal year 2024, the Authority determined that prepaid expenses reported in the prior year were for insurance policies that had expired as of June 30, 2023. Therefore, prepaid expenses were overstated by \$288,911 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. In addition, insurance expenses were understated by \$288,911 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, which results in a decrease of \$288,911 on the prior year's change in net position. The effect of correcting that error is shown in the table below.

		June 30, 2023 As Previously Reported		Error Correction		June 30, 2023 As Restated	
Net Position	\$	6,506,314	\$	(288,911)	\$	6,217,403	

